REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Favorable reconsideration of this application, as presently amended and in light of the following discussion, is respectfully requested.

Claims 1-19 are currently pending in this application, Claims 1, 7, 13, and 14 having been amended. Support for the amendments to Claims 1, 7, 13 and 14 can be found, for example, in the Specification at page 9, lines 25-33 and at page 14, line 30 to page 15, line 12. Thus, no new matter is added.

In the outstanding Office Action, Claims 1, 2, 4-8, and 10-19 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as anticipated by Chan (U.S. Patent No. 6,473,860); and Claims 3 and 9 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as unpatentable over Chan in view of Guthery (U.S. Patent No. 6,567,915).

In a non-limiting embodiment of the claimed invention, two separate communication paths of different types are used. The first and second communication paths are set up as different channels on an identical transmission line or as different transmission lines. The first transmission path is used for communications other than transfer of the executable program. The second transmission path is used for transfer of the executable programs.¹

In the non-limiting embodiment, the first communication path is an ordinary communication path between the program distribution device (server) and the client device. The second communication path is a dedicated special communication path that directly connects the program distribution device (server) and the tamper resistant processor within the client device.²

Moreover, the non-limiting embodiment of the claimed invention encrypts an executable program to be distributed to the client device and executed within the tamper resistant processor of the client device. By using the unique public key of the tamper

Specification, page 9, lines 25-33.

Id.

resistant processor, and then sending the encrypted program from the program distribution device to the tamper resistant processor through the second communication path, the encrypted program is directly delivered to the tamper resistant processor. The encrypted program can be decrypted and executed only within the tamper resistant processor, which is the only entity that has the unique secret key corresponding to the unique public key.³

Turning now to the rejection of Claim 1 as anticipated by <u>Chan</u>, Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection because <u>Chan</u> fails to teach or suggest every element of Claim 1.

Claim 1 recites, inter alia,

a first communication path set up unit configured to set up a first communication path between the program distribution device and the client device for communications other than transfer of the executable programs;

a second communication path set up unit configured to set up a second communication path directly connecting the program distribution device and the tamper resistant processor for transfer of the executable programs, the first and second communication paths being set up as different channels on an identical transmission line or as different transmission lines.

Indeed, Chan fails to teach or suggest at least these elements of Claim 1.

On the contrary, <u>Chan</u> only discloses a system in which a central station 302 or 446 sends encrypted portions of digital information to be distributed to the processing unit 310 or 410 through communication link 318 or 448, while the clear (unencrypted) portions of the same digital information are sent to the processing unit 310 or 410 through the communication line 306 or 414.⁴

<u>Chan</u> does not describe or suggest utilizing a dedicated special communication path that directly connects the program distribution device and the tamper resistant processor,

³ Specification, page 14, line 30 to page 15, line 12.

⁴ <u>Chan</u>, Figs. 1 and 4, col. 3, lines 38-47 and 62-67, col. 4, lines 18-33, col. 7, lines 36-39 and 48-50, and col. 9, lines 35-40.

specifically for transferring executable programs to a client device that includes a tamper resistant processor.

Furthermore, amended Claim 1 also recites,

an encryption processing unit configured to produce an encrypted program by encrypting an executable program to be distributed to the client device and executed within the tamper resistant processor, by using the unique public key of the tamper resistant processor; and

a transmission unit configured to transmit the encrypted program to the tamper resistant processor through the second communication path so that the encrypted program is directly delivered to the tamper resistant processor and the encrypted program can be decrypted and executed only within the tamper resistant processor which is an only entity that has the unique secret key corresponding to the unique public key.

Chan does not describe or suggest these elements of Claim 1.

On the contrary, <u>Chan</u> only describes a system where a secure processor 324 or 420 decrypts encrypted portions received from central station 302 or 446, by using a decryption key received from central station 302 or 446. Since the decryption key is received by the secure processor from the central station, <u>Chan</u> does not describe or suggest the claimed "tamper resistant processor which is an only entity that has the unique secret key corresponding to the unique public key."

Thus, <u>Chan</u> clearly fails to describe or suggest encrypting an executable program by using the unique public key of the tamper resistant processor, such that the encrypted program can be decrypted and executed only within the tamper resistant processor which is an only entity that has the unique secret key corresponding to the unique public key.

Moreover, Applicants note that the combination of encrypting a program by using the public key of the tamper resistant processor and the second communication path directly connecting the program distribution device and the tamper resistant processor for transfer of

⁵ Chan, col. 3, lines 57-59, col. 4, lines 27-36, col. 7, lines 51-53, and col. 10, lines 4-7.

the executable programs results in following technical advantages. The combination of elements in the claimed invention ensure that the encrypted program is directly delivered to the tamper resistant processor, and the encrypted program can be decrypted and executed only within the tamper resistant processor which is an only entity that has the unique secret key corresponding toe the unique public key. 6 Chan fails to teach or suggest a combination of features for the purpose of realizing such technical advantages.

In view of the above-noted distinctions, Applicants respectfully submit that Claim 1 (and Claims 2-6) patentably distinguish over <u>Chan</u>. Claims 7, 13, and 14 are similar to Claim 1. Applicants respectfully submit that Claims 7, 13, and 14 (and Claims 8-12, and 15-19) patentably distinguish over <u>Chan</u> for at least the reasons provided for Claim 1.

Consequently, in view of the above amendments and comments, it is respectfully submitted that the outstanding rejection is overcome and the pending claims are in condition for allowance. An early and favorable action to that effect is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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⁶ Specification, page 19, lines 6-14.